# Advantages of Using Highly Retentive Phases in LC/MS Development

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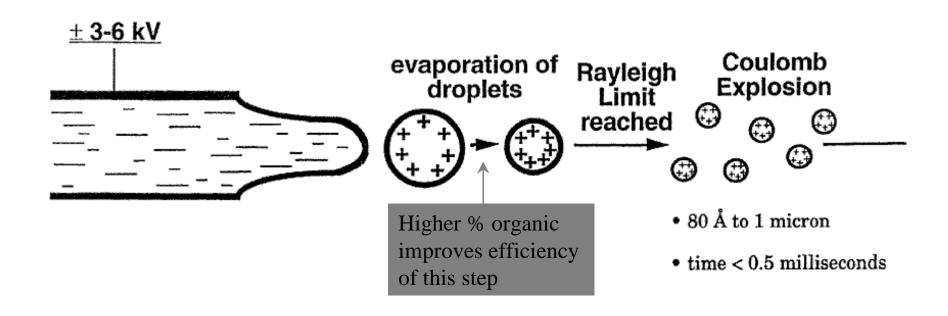
#### Introduction

- Electrospray ionization (ESI) requires evaporation of the mobile phase (M.P.) leaving the analyte ions in the gas phase.
- The higher the organic content in the M.P., the more efficient the evaporation process.
- This added efficiency translates into greater signal in the mass spectrometer.

### State-of-the-Art LC/MS Columns

- New LC/MS packings have been developed that can be used with very high organic content in the M.P.
- This can results in an order of magnitude improvement in LC/MS sensitivity.
- Also provides fast LC/MS analyses.

New phases enable the use of more % organic in the mobile phase. This, in turn, allows for more efficient ESI desolvation/ionization, which yields higher LC/MS sensitivity.



Five novel phases were developed for optimum LC/MS performance and sensitivity:

ANALYTE TYPE NEW PHASE

Neutral Allure<sup>R</sup> C18

Acidic/Amino Acids Allure<sup>R</sup> Acidix

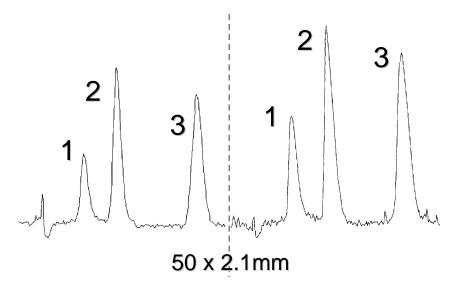
Basic (1<sup>st</sup> Generation) Allure<sup>R</sup> Basix

(2<sup>nd</sup> Generation) Allure<sup>R</sup> PFPP

Combination - all types Ultra IBD

## Allure<sup>TM</sup> C18 VS. Conventional C18 Phase - Neutral Steroids

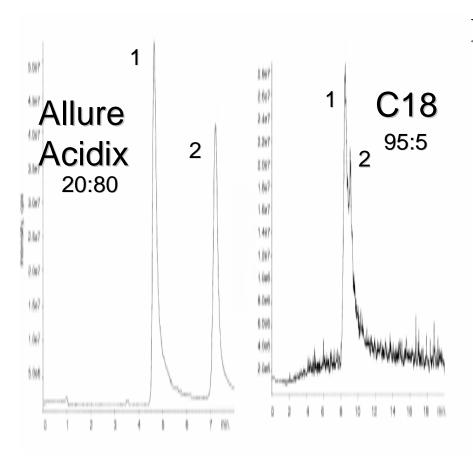
Conventional C18 12%C H<sub>2</sub>O:MeOH (40:60) Allure<sup>TM</sup> C18 27%C  $H_2O:MeOH (33:67)$ 



Data courtesy of Shane Needham, Pfizer Inc

- Higher C load allows use of 12% more organic; Results in a 26% increase in LC/MS sensitivity
- 1. Deoxycorticosterone (DCC) Acetate, 2.
   DCC Glucoside, 3.
   DCC; 0.4mL/min;
   Pos. ion ESI-TOF

### Allure<sup>TM</sup> Acidix - New Acidic Analyte Packing



1. Salicylic Acid, 2. Aspirin

#### Polar stationary phase:

- Allows increased % organic in M.P.
- Increases signal:noise
- Improves selectivity/ resolution
- Improves peak shape
- 150 x 4.6mm; 20mM
   NH<sub>4</sub> HCO<sub>2</sub>, pH
   4.5:ACN (v/v);
   1mL/min; Neg. ion ESI

# Allure<sup>TM</sup> Acidix - Underivatized Amino Acid Separation

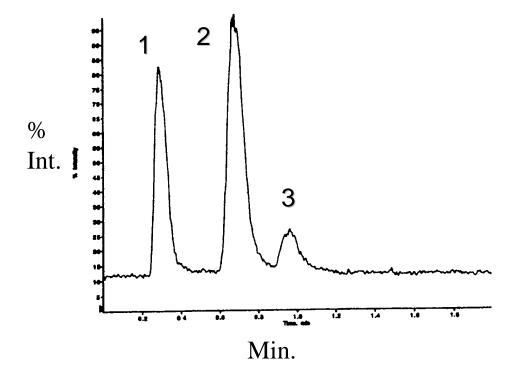
Column: Allure Acidix

Sample: 1. homocysteine thiolactone, 2.

homocyteine, 3. homocystine

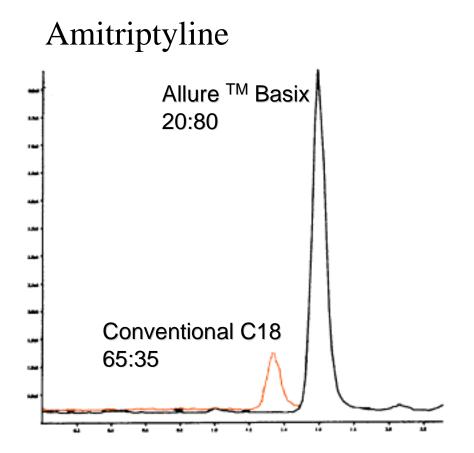
Mobile Phase: water, pH 3 (HCOOH):

ACN (40:60 v/v).



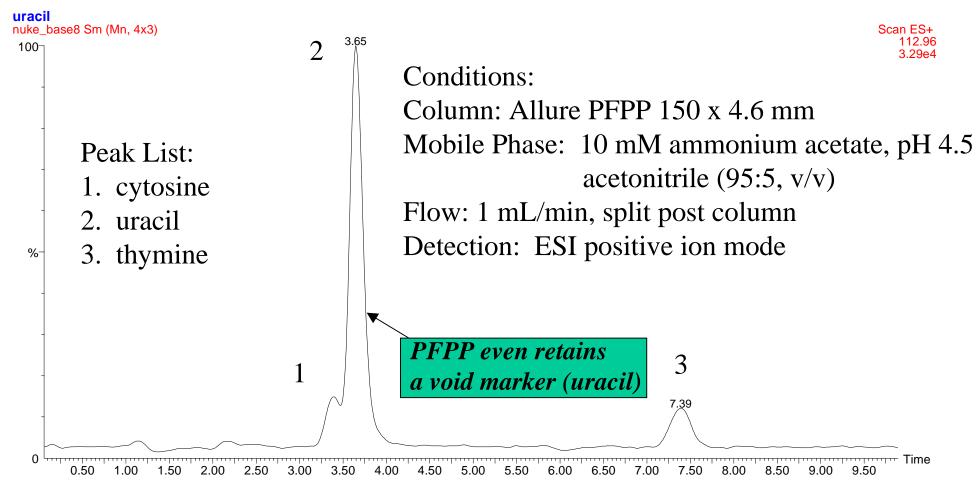
- Excellent peak shape under mild M.P. conditions.
- No derivatization necessary.
- Enables monitoring reaction pathways with minimal experimental interferences.

### Allure<sup>TM</sup> Basix - 1st Generation Basic Analyte Packing



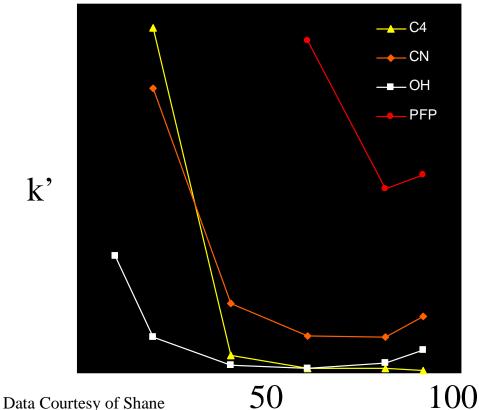
- Designed to use for basic compounds.
- Adjusted % organic (in 5mM Am. Acet., pH=4.5 M.P.) from 35% (conven. C18) to 80% (Basix) for same k'.
- Signal-to-noise increase: 243%

### Allure<sup>TM</sup> PFPP - 2nd Generation Basic Analyte Packing



# Allure<sup>TM</sup> PFPP - Uses Highest % Organic for Basic Analytes

Amitriptyline

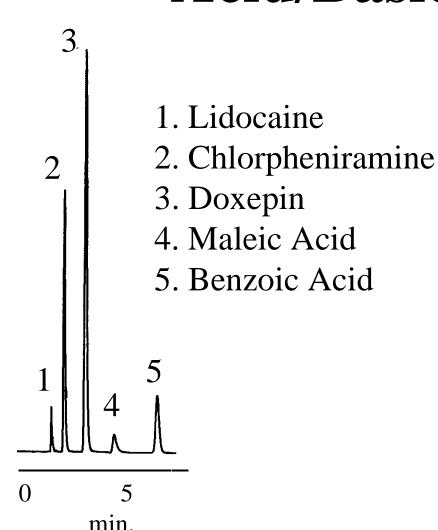


% ACN

Needham, Pfizer Inc

- PFPP allows the use of much more organic in M.P. to give the same amount of retention of conventional phases.
- This allows increased sensitivity in LC/MS, LC/IR, and LC/ELSD of 600% or more.
- 5mM NH₄OAc, pH 4.5:ACN;
   30 x 2.1mm; 0.4mL/min

#### Ultra IBD - Separates Acid/Basic Mixtures



- Good peak shape for both acids and bases.
- Unique selectivity compared to C18 phases.
- M.P.: 65:35 50mM
   KH2PO4, pH 3:ACN
   Flow: 1mL/min
- Detection: 254nm

#### **Conclusion**

- New LC/MS packings have been developed that enable the use of higher % organic content in the mobile phase.
- These packings typically provide up to an order of magnitude increase in sensitivity.
- The proper column choice is easily made, *a* priori, based on the pKa of the analyte.